

THE NORFOLK WEEKLY NEWS.

NORFOLK, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1899.

ALLEN IS APPOINTED.

Governor Poynter Gives Him His Commission as Senator.

WILL RE-ENTER SENATE AT ONCE.

Resigns His Present Place as District Judge and Accepts—End of the Contest for the Successorship to the Place Vacated by the Death of M. L. Hayward.

LINCOLN, Dec. 14.—Governor Poynter yesterday named William V. Allen to succeed the late M. L. Hayward as United States senator.

Tuesday night the governor wired to Judge Allen to come to Lincoln. Upon his arrival yesterday he was informed by the governor that he had been appointed to succeed the late M. L. Hayward.

Judge Allen has resigned his place on the bench and the resignation has been accepted. The next thing in order will



WILLIAM VINCENT ALLEN.

be the appointment of some one to this place. It is currently reported that the Democrats have demanded that in case Allen was appointed senator his successor on the bench should be a Democrat, and that the governor had assented to this view. In this connection the name of Douglas Cones of Pierce has been prominently mentioned.

Senator Allen left last evening for his home in Madison and from there will go to Washington, leaving probably this afternoon. He received his commission from Governor Poynter yesterday afternoon.

It is generally believed at the state house that Benton Maret will be appointed private secretary for Senator Allen.

Governor Poynter expressed himself as well satisfied with the action he had taken. He said: "I stated at the beginning of the agitation that I would appoint the man recommended by the majority of the people of the state. Senator Allen was that man and I appointed him. I used every means at my disposal to get expressions from the people. I sent telegrams and letters to the great and small in the party. By far the greatest number of those from whom I heard were in favor of Allen. I have nothing but the kindest of words for Mr. Hitchcock. He made a good showing, but he was not the choice of the people. If he had been I would have appointed him just as readily as I did Allen."

William Vincent Allen of Madison was born in Midway, Madison county, O., Jan. 28, 1847; removed with his family to Iowa in 1857; was educated in the common schools of Iowa and attended the Upper Iowa university at Fayette for a time, but was not graduated; was a private soldier in company G, Thirty-second Iowa volunteer infantry, during the war of the rebellion, the last five months of his service being on the staff of General James I. Gilbert; read law at West Union, Ia., and was admitted to the bar May 31, 1869; practiced law from that time until elected judge of the district court of the Ninth judicial district of Nebraska in the autumn of 1891; was married May 2, 1870; was permanent president of the Nebraska Populist state convention in 1892 and was elected United States senator to succeed Algon Sidney Paddock, Feb. 7, 1893, for the term of six years, commencing March 4, 1893. His term of service expired March 3, 1899. He was the avowed candidate of the fusion forces before the people to succeed himself, but the legislature had a Republican majority and Hayward was chosen. He was the caucus nominee of the fusion members of the legislature and they voted for him from first to last. When John S. Robinson resigned from the bench to take his seat in congress Allen was appointed to fill the vacancy until an election could be held. At the election this fall he was chosen for the full 4-year term, which he resigns to take the senatorship.

Hitchcock Is Disappointed.

OMAHA, Dec. 14.—G. M. Hitchcock publishes the following card in his paper, the World-Herald:

"To the many earnest friends who so generously and enthusiastically supported me in my recent candidacy for the senatorial appointment at the hands of the governor I herewith tender my thanks. I cannot honestly deny that I have been deeply disappointed, and I feel keenly the sting of ingratitude, but above all I have been deeply moved by the unexpected and almost unanimous support of the people of Douglas county and the generous endorsement of representative men in all parts of Nebraska."

A special to The World-Herald says: The governor was finally induced to come to this decision by the receipt of a telegram from William J. Bryan, who

is at Austin, Tex., urging the appointment of Judge Allen. This settled the matter.

Mr. Bryan stated in his telegram that "good faith" demanded Judge Allen's appointment and that Mr. Hitchcock should stand aside.

DINSMORE HELD FOR TRIAL.

Pleads "Not a City" to the Charge of Killing Lane.

KEARNEY, Neb., Dec. 14.—The preliminary examination of Frank L. Dinsmore was held before E. Frank Brown, county judge, yesterday.

The complaint was read charging him with deliberately shooting and instantly killing Fred Lane at Odessa on the night of Dec. 4. Dinsmore pleaded not guilty and waived further examination.

No complaint was filed in reference to the murder of Mrs. Dinsmore, as the state is waiting for the report of the chemist who is analyzing the stomach, liver and tongue taken from her. Mrs. Lane is held under \$10,000 bond for her appearance as a witness for the state in the district court.

Dinsmore will remain in the county jail until his trial in the January term of the district court. At the preliminary examination he maintained his characteristic indifference and calm demeanor.

PROHIBITS SELECT CHICAGO.

National Convention Will Be Held There on June 27 of Next Year.

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—The Prohibition national convention will be held in Chicago on June 27 of next year. This was decided on at the meeting yesterday of the national committee of the Prohibition party, held at the Palmer house, at which 26 national committeemen were present, representing 16 states. The contest for the convention was quite a spirited one, South Bend, Indianapolis and Columbus sending representatives to urge the advantage of those cities as convention points, but after a lengthy debate the offer of Chicago prohibitionists to pay all the expenses of the convention, provide a hall with comfortable seating capacity of over 10,000 and secure reduced railroad rates, was accepted.

Farmers Hold Their Grain.

OMAHA, Dec. 14.—Officials of railroad freight departments have discovered within the past few weeks a remarkable disinclination on the part of western farmers to dispose of their grain, and as a result the grain traffic at this time is extremely light. This is somewhat out of the common at this season, when the movement of grain is usually the largest. Explanation of this condition is found, so railroad officials assert, in the low prices prevailing and the falling off in the export demand.

Irish Off to Join the Boers.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 14.—The Plain Dealer says: A party of 25 young Irish-Americans have left this city to join the Boers in their fight against Great Britain. At New York the young men, who are mostly veterans of the Spanish-American war, will join about 500 other Irishmen and the entire party will sail from New York on Saturday for Paris. In the latter city the men will join an Irish regiment being formed to go to the assistance of the Boers.

No Prison Twine Factory.

DES MOINES, Dec. 14.—The board of control and the superintendents of the state institutions, at the quarterly meeting yesterday, discussed the question of convict labor and particularly the establishment of a twine factory in connection with the penitentiary at Anamosa. The sentiment of a majority of those present was that the state should not enter upon the scheme.

TELEGRAMS TERSELY TOLD.

Cincinnati is now shipping large quantities of beer to Manila.

Congress will be asked to appropriate \$20,000 more for the negro exhibit at the Paris exposition.

Cubans are complaining that the Americans are trying to run the Widows' Home at Havana.

The British steamer Saltram, Captain Owen, from Philadelphia, Nov. 28, for Havana, has been posted as missing.

Sir George R. Kirkpatrick, ex-lieutenant governor of Canada and ex-speaker of the house at Ottawa, died Wednesday.

Violations of the Chinese exclusion act during the last year numbered 569, according to the number of those arrested.

Before closing the extraordinary session the Peruvian congress approved the extradition treaty with the United States.

Louis A. Goldsmith, the defaulting assistant cashier of the National Bank of Port Jervis, N. Y., has disappeared. His defalcations will aggregate over \$25,000.

Jim Gedding and Wash Powell were hanged at Valdosta, Ga., Wednesday for the murder of a storekeeper named Vickers.

Edward F. Leland, a Chicago broker, has been expelled from membership in the Chicago stock exchange, for alleged backshop practices.

George and James Herring, negro miners at Birmingham, Ala., were killed from ambush by two white miners, as the result of a feud.

Irving Shaw, 14 years of age, of Providence, N. Y., convicted of murdering his playmate, Jesse Blanche, last October, was sentenced to life imprisonment at Dannemora prison.

Miss Clara Barton has received a cablegram from Marquis Villabona, Madrid, expressing thanks of the Spanish assembly for her work in trying to secure release of the Spanish prisoners in the Philippines.

A sale and show of short horn cattle in Kansas City next year has been decided upon by officers of the Central Short Horn Breeders' association. An allowance of \$5,000 for prizes is expected from the national association.

BOERS ARE HARD HIT.

Ten Thousand Captured at Ladysmith.

BRITISH IN POSSESSION OF TOWN.

Report Probably Correct as Stocks Have Risen in London—Total Casualties on Modder River 817—British Met a Second Defeat Wednesday.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—Special to THE NEWS: A special from Pietermaritzburg states that Generals Buller and Clergy have entered Ladysmith after capturing 10,000 Boers.

The report is evidently correct, as African stocks have risen rapidly in the London exchange. If true this one victory means more to the British than all their losses.

The total killed, missing and wounded in the Modder river fight of Sunday and Monday is now reported to be 817.

Meet Second Defeat.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—Each important battle seems to bring a worse reverse for the British and the papers this morning sorrowfully admit that General Methuen's check at Magersfontein is the most serious affair the war has yet produced.

It is estimated here that Lord Methuen's forces amounted to 11,000 men and perhaps more. No reliable estimate of his losses has been received. They are believed to have been at least 450.

The British casualties included the Marquis of Winchester, major of the Second battalion Coldstream Guards, who was killed, and Colonel Downham of the First battalion Gordon Highlanders, who was mortally wounded.

All the papers comment upon the extreme gravity of the situation and upon the momentous decision Lord Methuen now has to take, whether to remain at Modder river or to retire on Orange river. The Times says: "At least 30,000 additional men must be sent out. The entire available reserve must be called up and the militia and volunteers must be turned to account. Efforts must be made to increase the local volunteers and offers from Canada and the other colonies must be sought and accepted."

The Standard, which comments upon the "seemingly astonishing numbers of the Boers," is driven to the conjecture that a substantial portion of the Boer commandoes has been recruited from the Cape Dutch.

All eyes are now turned hopefully to General Buller, who, taking into account the troops with General White at Ladysmith, has altogether 30,000 men. A dispatch from Boer sources says that Kimberley remained quiet during the battle at Magersfontein.

The special correspondent of the Daily Mail at Modder river, describing the fighting, says: "We raked the Boer trenches with an intense, well directed fire of 30 guns, including a naval gun and a Howitzer battery, both using lyddite. I believe they effected severe damage. The Boer prisoners report that one lyddite shell fell among 40 men, only five of whom escaped unhurt. Other shells burst in the enemy's laager, causing its complete destruction. The Boers are in still larger force than we found them at Modder river, outnumbering us almost three to one. The Transvaalers are apparently dominating in their military councils, although in a minority."

Three hundred and twenty wounded British have arrived at Orange river from the Modder river.

The Boers are still shelling Ladysmith. The heat is terrific.

Story of the Battle.

MODDER RIVER, Dec. 14.—Before day-break Monday the Highlanders arrived within 200 yards of the Boer intrenchments, at the foot of a hill. Unsuspecting that the Boers were in the vicinity, the British were still marching quarter-column, in close order, when they met a terrible fire from the flanks and were forced to retire with heavy loss.

When the Highlanders met the murderous point blank fire of the Boers, about 200 were mowed down. The Black Watch regiment on reforming was able to muster only 160 men. The Boers lost heavily in the trenches and also in the wire entanglements when they came into the open in an attempt to make a flank attack on the British. The terrific British artillery fire provoked no response, except from the Boers' rifles, until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the Gordon Highlanders formed to renew the attack on the intrenched kopje. They advanced with the utmost gallantry to attack the Boers close to the place where lay their dead and wounded comrades of the Highland brigade. The enemy opened with a heavy shrapnel fire as the British advanced, and it was found physically impossible to take the Boer trenches. The British got within 200 yards, but could not get nearer.

The Boers had free recourse to barbed wire entanglements which offered great obstacles, even after the damage inflicted by the British artillery fire.

Tuesday morning both sides occupied the positions they held before the battle. The greatest bravery was displayed by officers and men. A detachment of Boers posted among some thick bushes to the east maintained a most destructive fire on our right. With the remarkable talent for taking cover

which the Boer always displays, they were, generally speaking, virtually invisible, and although the enemy's artillery was practically silenced, his rifle fire was so persistent and concentrated as well as usually well aimed, that it was absolutely impossible for the British infantry to take the position by assault.

Boer Sympathizers at Lincoln.

LINCOLN, Dec. 14.—A meeting of Boer sympathizers was held here last evening to arrange for a mass-meeting next Monday or Tuesday evening. A committee of five was appointed to draw up resolutions of sympathy.

FOUR BURIED IN WRECK.

Rear-end Collision on the Jersey Central Near Allentown.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Dec. 14.—Passenger train No. 18 on the Jersey Central railroad, eastbound, due here at 8:57 last evening, ran into the rear end of extra coal train No. 426, also eastbound, opposite Laurys. Engineer Fred F. Yeomans, Fireman William H. Smith and Baggage men Herth of the passenger train, all of Easton, Pa., and Flagman George Hann of the coal train of Bergen, N. J., were buried under the wreck and killed. The bodies have not yet been recovered. The wreck caught fire and the engine, baggage and smoking car were burned. The day coach escaped the flames. The passengers were severely shaken up, but none were seriously injured.

BELL IS UNSEATED.

Omaha Delegate Debarred from Federation of Labor Convention.

DETROIT, Dec. 14.—Most of the speeches of yesterday's session of the Federation of Labor were devoted to expressions of fraternal greeting between the British, Canadian and American organizations. The speeches were earnest, eloquent and able and were frequently applauded throughout. There were no references to diplomatic alliances or other political questions, except as relating to securing of labor legislation. The new movement for organizing the farmers was encouraged by the appointment of a committee to assist it. W. H. Bell, the delegate of the Omaha Central Labor union, was refused a seat in the convention.

To Have a New Court House.

DES MOINES, Dec. 14.—An opinion was handed down by the supreme court yesterday favorable to the river frontiers in the famous court house site controversy. The opinion is that the board of supervisors has the right to sell the old court house site. It is based on the assumption that the Polk county commissioners never dedicated the present site to the city of Des Moines, as contended by those who brought the suit. It is proposed to build a \$10,000 court house.

Webster County Coal Mines Tied Up. DES MOINES, Dec. 14.—All the big coal mines in Webster county are reported to be tied up by the strike of about 500 men at Kalo, Coalville, Lehigh and Carbon. The men went out because of the unwillingness to grant advances of wages which the men thought just, in view of the advancing prices of coal. The struggle promises to be long. The Boone county district, immediately adjoining Webster county, is likely to be drawn into the trouble.

Want Protection Against San Jose Scale.

DES MOINES, Dec. 14.—The Iowa Horticultural society yesterday passed resolutions calling on congress to prohibit the importation of foreign nursery stock except on rigid conditions, calculated to protect the home nursery man and fruit grower against the San Jose scale. The pest, despite legislation, is reported doing much damage in the Mississippi valley states and Iowans are fearful it will ruin their orchards.

Shatters Miss Roberts' Testimony.

MARSHALL, Mich., Dec. 14.—The cross-examination of Miss Marie Robertson was resumed in the Sanderson murder case yesterday and the defendant's attorney picked most of her testimony to pieces. It developed that she had never actually seen the defendant place the glass in the mill to be ground up.

BOOKS. MEDALLIONS. LAMPS.

R.U. FOLLOWING THE CROWD?

If so, we will take our chances of your landing at our store where you can see a greater variety of useful and beautiful Holiday Presents in five minutes than you can in five hours shopping around. U know us if we don't sign our former name.

"YES," Follow the Crowd.

NOVELTIES. CUT GLASS. CHINAWARE.

Wedgewood. Musical Instruments.

Graceful, Easy and Long Wearing.

THE FAMOUS

Olga Nethersole \$2.50 Shoe

FOR WOMEN.

Possesses the merit of perfect style, fit, comfort and durability. No breaking in necessary—made to conform to the lines of the foot. Sole very flexible; Chrome Kid stock that is soft as a glove, yet wears like iron. Excels any \$3.50 shoe for wear and comfort. No. 10—Chrome Kid with tip of the same, medium weight sole. To the width of a silver half dollar, low heel, and golf pattern. You will find this shoe a combination of style and comfort. Manufactured by The Rock Island Shoe Co., Rock Island, Ill., and sold exclusively in this city by

F. A. HUSTON



In days of old, and Knights so bold
When Barons held their sway,
Folks loved the Silver and the Gold
Just as they do today.

In all ages Silver and Gold have swayed the world and ruled the hearts and minds of mankind. While gold is of more intrinsic value, in the hearts of the people, silver articles of merchandise are just as much to be desired. Our display of gold and silver goods is the finest ever shown in Norfolk. We have all kinds you will admire at prices you will regard with favor. Just a few suggestions:

Ladies' and Gent's Gold Watches,
Clocks, Diamond Rings, Opal and
Other Stone Rings, Plain and
Engraved Rings, Scarf Pins,
Sterling Silver Novelties,
Silverware, Chains, Charms,
Lockets, Brooches, Buttons,
Ear-rings, Bracelets,
Gold Spectacles,
Gold Pens,

and many other fine articles, too numerous to mention them all. We are proud of our new stock and pleased to show it. Visit our store. You are welcome.

C. F. W. MARQUARDT,

NORFOLK, -- -- -- NEBRASKA.

NORFOLK STEAM LAUNDRY,

CRAVEN & McCOY, Proprietors.

First-Class = Work : Guaranteed.

Prompt delivery. Work called for and returned.
Your patronage solicited.

Telephone 83. - - - - - Norfolk, Nebr.

-COAL-

All Kinds of Hard and Soft Coal, Thoroughly Bright and Clean, at

SALTER'S COAL YARDS.

All Coal Screened. * Choice Smithing Coal.

Your Patronage Respectfully Solicited.

PHONE 54

FOR GOOD LOANS AND EASY PAYMENTS

SEE

The Norfolk Building and Loan Ass'n
C. B. DURLAND, Secretary.